1	Senate Bill No. 11
2	(By Senator Stollings)
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4	[Introduced January 8, 2014; referred to the Committee on the
5	Judiciary.]
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10	A BILL to amend and reenact $\$51-2A-8$ of the Code of West Virginia,
11	1931, as amended; and to amend and reenact §62-1D-6 of said
12	code, all relating to cellular telephone communications;
13	stating expressly that wiretapping evidentiary provisions
14	apply to family court proceedings; providing an exception; and
15	providing that cellular phone communications, including
16	texting, are confidential and are not subject to discovery or
17	admissible as evidence in civil proceedings.
18	Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:
19	That §51-2A-8 of the Code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended,
20	be amended and reenacted; and that §62-1D-6 of said code be amended
21	and reenacted, all to read as follows:
22	CHAPTER 51. COURTS AND THEIR OFFICERS.
23	ARTICLE 2A. FAMILY COURTS.
	<pre>\$51-2A-8. Rules of practice and procedure; applicability of Rules</pre>
24	351 2A 0. Rules of practice and procedure, applicability of Rules

1of Evidence; applicability of evidentiary provision2in Wiretapping and Electronic Surveillance Act;3record of hearings; duties of clerk of circuit court.4(a) Pleading, practice and procedure in matters before a5family court judge are governed by rules of practice and procedure6for family law promulgated by the Supreme Court of Appeals.

7 (b) The West Virginia Rules of Evidence apply to proceedings
8 before a family court judge, <u>except as otherwise provided by law</u>,
9 <u>including</u>, but not limited to, section six, article one-d, chapter
10 <u>sixty-two of this code</u>.

11 Hearings before a family court shall be recorded (C) 12 electronically. A magnetic tape or other electronic recording 13 medium on which a hearing is recorded shall be indexed and securely 14 preserved by the secretary-clerk of the family court judge and 15 shall may not be placed in the case file in the office of the 16 circuit clerk. *Provided*, That Upon the request of the family court 17 judge, the magnetic tapes or other electronic recording media shall 18 be stored by the clerk of the circuit court. When requested by 19 either of the parties, a family court judge shall provide a 20 duplicate copy of the tape or other electronic recording medium of 21 each hearing held. For evidentiary purposes, a duplicate of such 22 the electronic recording prepared by the secretary-clerk shall be 23 is a "writing" or "recording" as those terms are defined in Rule 24 1001 of the West Virginia Rules of Evidence and unless the

1 duplicate is shown not to reflect the contents accurately, it shall 2 be treated as an original in the same manner that data stored in a 3 computer or similar data is regarded as an "original" under such 4 <u>the</u> rule. The party requesting the copy shall pay an amount equal 5 to the actual cost of the tape or other medium or the sum of \$5, 6 whichever is greater. Unless otherwise ordered by the court, the 7 preparation of a transcript and the payment of the cost <del>thereof</del> 8 <del>shall be</del> <u>of the preparation is</u> the responsibility of the party 9 requesting the transcript.

10 (d) The recording of the hearing or the transcript of 11 testimony, as the case may be, and the exhibits, together with all 12 documents filed in the proceeding, constitute the exclusive record 13 and, on payment of lawfully prescribed costs, shall be made 14 available to the parties.

(e) In any proceeding in which a party has filed an affidavit that he or she is financially unable to pay the fees and costs, the family court judge shall determine whether either party is financially able to pay the fees and costs based on the information set forth in the affidavit or on any evidence submitted at the hearing. If a family court judge determines that either party is financially able to pay the fees and costs, the family court judge shall assess the payment of such the fees and costs accordingly as part of an order. The provisions of this subsection do not alter article two, chapter

1 fifty-nine of this code.

2 (f) The clerks of the circuit court shall have, within the 3 scope of the jurisdiction of family courts, all the duties and 4 powers prescribed by law that clerks exercise on behalf of circuit 5 courts *Provided*, That <u>except that</u> a family court judge may not 6 require the presence or attendance of a circuit clerk or deputy 7 circuit clerk at any hearing before the family court.

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## CHAPTER 62. CRIMINAL PROCEDURE.

9 ARTICLE 1D. WIRETAPPING AND ELECTRONIC SURVEILLANCE ACT.

## 10 §62-1D-6. Admissibility of evidence.

Evidence obtained, directly or indirectly, by the interception 12 of any wire, oral or electronic communication shall be received in 13 evidence only in <u>is not admissible except in</u> grand jury proceedings 14 and criminal proceedings in magistrate court and circuit court. 15 *Provided*, That Evidence obtained in violation of the provisions of 16 this article shall not be <u>is not</u> admissible in any proceeding. 17 <u>Cellular telephone communications</u>, including texting, are 18 <u>confidential and are neither admissible nor subject to discovery in</u> 19 civil proceedings.

NOTE: The purpose of this bill is to expressly provide that the evidentiary provisions of wiretapping laws apply to proceedings before family courts and to qualify cellular telephone communications, including texting, as confidential and are neither admissible nor subject to discovery in civil proceedings.

Strike-throughs indicate language that would be stricken from the present law, and underscoring indicates new language that would be added.